

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

THE Governor of Formosa, China, proposes to light his capital city, Taipei, by means of electricity.

J. P. MOYER, of Lockhaven, Pa., has a cake of soap that was made by his wife's mother in 1829, and it is good soap yet.

Mr. CHAMBERLAIN, the Texan who went to Europe for treatment for a wolf bite, has contributed ten thousand francs for the Paris doctor's new institute.

AND now a Rochester (Pa.) widow has brought suit for \$100,000 damages against the wealthiest man of the place because he called at the house four times within a year and will not marry her.

HEREAFTER the affairs of the Knights of Labor in Canada will be managed by Canadians. Dissatisfaction was created by American orators traveling officially and making speeches opposed to Canadian labor interests.

MME. VINCENT, a French woman, has saved twelve persons from drowning. A short time ago she jumped into the waves entirely dressed and rescued the twelfth, a six-year-old boy. She has seven children of her own, the youngest a baby.

THE latest thing to form the basis of a trust is that interesting vegetable, the peanut. Norfolk, Va., is the headquarters of the combination, which embraces peanuteries in New York, St. Louis, Cincinnati and various points in Virginia.

THE largest grape-grower in Southern California has made the experiment of employing negroes as laborers in his vineyards, instead of Chinese, and is so much pleased with the change that he is to make the substitution complete and permanent.

In the suit in Chicago of the Pullman Company against the Wagner and the Lake Shore companies, involving the validity of the Pullman patents covering the vestibule train, Judge Grosman decided recently in favor of the Pullman Company.

THE careless handling of fire-arms caused a terrible disaster a few days ago. Charles A. Smith, inspector for the telephone company at Kansas City, while hunting with a companion received a load of fire shot from the latter's gun, and both of his eyes were destroyed.

It has been figured out by a statistical official that there are thirty-one criminals to every one thousand bachelors, and only eleven criminals to every one thousand married men. From this showing he argues that matrimony restrains men from crime, and ought, therefore, to be encouraged by legislation and otherwise.

THE "opsimeter" is a new instrument for testing the eye-sight. It consists of a mahogany case with two front eyeholes, behind which are two traveling bands mounted on rollers. Those bands have holes in which different lenses are fitted, and the person whose sight is to be tested looks through the holes and lenses at printed matter behind.

MARCUS A. ROOT, the first American daguerrotype, died in Philadelphia recently at the age of eighty years. In 1839 his attention was called to the daguerrotype. He had orders from all over the world, and founded establishments in New York, Boston, St. Louis and Washington. The first daguerrotype he ever took was taken on solid silver, and was a view from one of the windows of the Philadelphia mint.

It has been the custom in the United States Senate for each member to contribute ten dollars toward a wedding gift for the bride of a Senator who marries while in office. Somebody has just recalled the custom and finds that the usual tribute has not yet been paid to Mrs. Hawley. The oversight will be remedied at once. Ten dollars apiece from the Senators amounts to seven hundred and fifty dollars, a sum which is sufficient to purchase a magnificent present.

THE most sensational suicide of the year was that of Rev. Edgar D. Horne, pastor of the Presbyterian church in White Plains, N. Y., on a recent Sunday. Because the congregation refused to raise his salary and had demanded his resignation, he shot himself in his own pulpit while Sunday-school was in session in the chapel near by, and his wife was teaching a class. Mr. Horne had been pastor of the church sixteen years, and had high social relations, his wife being the daughter of ex-President Woolsey, of Yale College.

THE total mileage of natural gas pipes in the United States is not far from 2,500 miles, not including small pipes for individual use. One-fifth of this quantity is laid in the city of Pittsburgh. The gas wells of Pennsylvania produce fifteen million cubic feet a day. High and low pressure wells are also found in Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Ohio and Kansas. The total consumption of gas for 1887, as estimated by coal displacement, was equivalent to ten million tons of coal. The value of this coal was calculated at about \$15,000,000.

ONE of the most delicate surgical operations was performed in Philadelphia a few days ago, it being a transplantation of a portion of the eye of a rabbit to the eye of a human being. The object of the operation was to relieve the obscurity of the eye of a patient which was caused by inflammation and which produced in time an opaque surface. The patient was a servant-girl, whose eyes had become so nearly blind that objects of considerable size were barely distinguishable at the distance of five feet. It would require some time to develop the result.

Epitome of the Week.

INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

WEDNESDAY, May 2.—In the Senate bills were passed for public buildings at Fort Dodge, La.; Sterling, Ill., and Duluth, Minn.; pension bills, 42 being House bills. The Railroad Land Grant Forfeiture bill and the bill for the establishment of a bureau of animal industry were discussed. In the House the discussion on the Tariff bill was participated in by Mr. Wilson (Minn.), Mr. Lanham (Tex.), Mr. Caruth (Ky.), in favor of the bill, and by Mr. Allison (Maine) and Mr. McComas (Md.) in opposition.

THURSDAY, May 3.—Bills were placed on the calendar in the Senate to retire certain disabled officers of the army; for promotion of army officers after twenty years' continuous service in one grade, and to restore to the public domain part of the Utah Valley Indian Reservation. A bill was introduced to execute the stipulations of the new Chinese treaty. The Railroad Land-Grant Forfeiture bill and the bill for the establishment of a bureau of animal industry were further considered. Adjourned to the 5th. In the House Mr. Watson (W. Va.) and Mr. McKinnon (N. H.) spoke in favor of the Tariff bill, and Mr. Dingley (Me.) against it.

FRIDAY, May 4.—The Senate was not in session. In the House the debate on the Tariff bill was resumed. Mr. Guenther (Wis.) speaking against the measure, and Messrs. McDonald (Miner.) and Wheeler (Ala.) in its favor. At the evening session twenty-seven pension bills were passed.

SATURDAY, May 5.—There was no session of the Senate. In the House the time was occupied in discussing the Tariff bill.

FROM WASHINGTON.

THERE were 156 business failures in the United States during the seven days ended on the 4th, against 138 the previous seven days. The total of failures in the United States from January 1 to date is 3,992, against 3,988 in 1887.

The total fire loss in the United States during the month of April was \$11,326,500, against \$11,750,000 for the same month last year.

At twenty-six leading clearing-houses in the United States the exchanges during the week ended on the 5th aggregated \$1,008,500, against \$994,850 the previous week. As compared with the corresponding week of 1887 the decrease amounted to 1.4 per cent.

The resignation of F. Nash, General Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service, was tendered to the Postmaster-General on the 5th.

THE EAST.

PROHIBITIONISTS of Pennsylvania met at Harrisburg on the 3d and elected delegates to the National convention at Indianapolis. The platform pledges the party to the policy of total prohibition by constitutional amendment; opposes all forms of license; favors the election of President, Vice-President and United States Senators by direct vote of the people; demands full protection to American industries, and declares for woman suffrage.

The prohibitionists of the Fourteenth New York District nominated Rev. V. W. Benedict for Congress on the 3d.

The Anti-Saloon Republicans met in second annual convention in New York on the 3d with delegates from all the States in attendance. In the opening address of the chairman it was stated that seventy-five per cent. of the delegates were opposed to saloons, fifteen per cent. cared more for political success than for the liquor question, while ten per cent. favored saloons.

DEMOCRATS of Connecticut met in Hartford on the 3d and chose delegates to the National convention on the 3d.

The Methodist Bishops address read at the general conference in New York on the 3d showed that in four years 450,000 souls had been brought into the church and the membership increased from 1,769,534 to 2,208,435. The Bishops are opposed to high license and in favor of total prohibition of the liquor traffic.

The little village of McIntyre, Pa., was wiped out by fire on the 3d.

The strike of the Edgar Thomson steel works at Braddock, Pa., was declared off on the 3d, the men resuming work at the old rates.

On the 3d Thomas B. Reed was nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the First district of Maine.

At the closing session of the Anti-Saloon Republican National conference in New York on the 3d a platform was adopted which denounced the saloon, declaring that as a public enemy it ought to be destroyed, that it is doomed and must go, and asks the Republican National convention to insert a plank in the party platform that shall be clearly hostile to the saloon.

The New Jersey Democrats held their convention at Trenton on the 3d and elected delegates instructed to support the renomination of President Cleveland.

The Republicans of Rhode Island met at Providence on the 3d and elected delegates to the Chicago convention. No instructions. The platform declares for liberal pensions, a free ballot and fair count and protection for the National Pure Food Association held its first convention in New York on the 3d.

A FREIGHT train on the Pennsylvania railroad was partly destroyed by fire on the 4th at Wayne Station, Pa., causing a loss of \$100,000.

In New York on the 4th the Progressive Labor party, formed in opposition to the Henry George party, was declared dissolved by its general committee.

By the Southern conspirators, who discouraged enlistments in the Union army by leading the volunteer Union soldier with opprobrious epithets.

WINONA, Minn., was partly under water on the 3d, owing to a rise in the river. The residents of the Fond Lily addition were well out to sea, and reached their homes by boat.

CONGRESSIONAL nominations were made as follows on the 3d: Indiana, Fourth district, William S. Holman (Dem.); North Carolina, Third district, O. B. Robinson (Rep.); Kansas, Second district, Edward H. Fuston (Rep.).

The first Virginia Union Labor party met at Charleston on the 3d and nominated a full State ticket, with S. H. Pierson for Governor.

On the 3d Allan O. Meyers was convicted at Columbus, O., of contempt of court in publishing objectionable articles during the tally-sheet forgery case, and was fined \$200 and sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

A FIRE in the yards of the Chippewa Lumber Company at Chippewa Lake, Mich., destroyed ten million feet of lumber on the 3d. Loss, \$130,000; insurance, \$100,000.

In the town of Bertram, Mo., several buildings were blown down in a storm on the 4th, and James Myers was killed.

In the streets of Wilson, N. C., Haywood Ward and his wife were fatally injured on the 4th by the explosion of a dynamite cartridge.

On the 4th one thousand men employed in the iron mines near Duluth, Minn., struck for higher wages.

A CYCLONE on the 4th at Pekin, Ill., unroofed buildings, uprooted trees and blew down chimneys and fences in its path. No one was killed.

A BARN on the farm of Widow Freese, near Arlington, Neb., was destroyed by fire on the 4th, and the entire family, consisting of four adults and three children, perished in the flames, probably in the attempt to rescue the cattle from the burning building. Twenty-five head of stock also perished.

On the 4th a cyclone swept over Camden, Ark., destroying several houses and leveling trees. At Blake and other neighboring places damage was also done. No lives were lost.

Three girls, aged about seven years, daughters of John Blake and Paul Clayton, were fatally burned on the 4th near Shawneetown, Ill. They were pouring coal oil on the fire when the can exploded.

A FIRE at Milton, O., on the 4th damaged the town hall, Presbyterian church and many other buildings. Loss, \$120,000.

A TORNADE on the 4th passed north of Texarkana, Ark., on the 4th, uprooting trees, killing stock and greatly damaging the crops.

On the 6th Mrs. Almira Eisenbarth, of St. Louis, fell dead in her residence, and her sister, who lived near, upon being summoned, went into the room and found the woman lay and fell dead beside her.

The death of Thomas Eggleston, aged one hundred and eleven years ten months and twenty days, occurred at his home near Griffithsville, W. Va., on the 6th. He was supposed to have been the oldest white man in this country.

ALFRED BARKER, died on the 6th at Mexico, Mo., aged ninety-eight years. He was the oldest Free-Mason in the world, having been a member of the order seventy-six years.

A FIRE destroyed the business portion of Siderville, Ga., on the 5th.

PREF. J. W. S. and his son, a mile in a balloon at Paris, Ill., on the 5th, and then dropped to the earth by the aid of a parachute, landing in safety.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

JAMES H. HUGHES BROS., wholesale dry goods firm of Toronto, Ont., failed on the 3d for \$750,000.

WILLIAM O'BRIEN, on trial at Loughrea, Ireland, for violating the Crimes act, was convicted on the 3d and sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

NORTHWESTERN NEWS.

Interesting Items Gathered from Various Localities.

ILLINOIS.

A FIRE at Chester the other afternoon destroyed the building of the Southern Illinois Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Company, at a loss of \$17,000 to the State on the building and from \$70,000 to \$100,000 to the contractors on machinery and stock.

E. D. Wilburn, of Lincoln, who was worth \$20,000 three years ago, but ran through it all, was arrested recently for forgery.

The Chicago & Alton depot at Lexington was burned the other evening.

Charles Clark, a farmer living near Decatur, recently lost thirteen head of good cattle which he had been feeding all winter on wheat straw. An examination found in the stomach of each a ball of twine the size of a baseball and of the kind used on his twine binder during harvest.

George Hense was killed at Marshall a few days ago by the accidental discharge of a pistol in the hands of James Sullivan.

Andrew Russell, Jr., a prominent business man of Jacksonville, was killed the other evening by a fall from a tree.

Peterbaugh & Hoffer, dry-goods dealers at Lanark, failed recently for \$30,000, with assets estimated at \$10,000.

At Alton a few days ago the Right Rev. James Ryan was consecrated Catholic Bishop of Alton.

Near Hinsdale the other day Misses Stokes and Williams, aged thirteen and fourteen years, while wading in a pond situated in an old well and were drowned.

Mrs. S. N. Shoup, of Sangamon County, was probably fatally injured by vicious pigs a few days ago.

Oliver Mieseljohn, a Rockford boy who was frightened by another boy who threatened to throw him into a printing press, died the other day from the effects of his fright.

Monticello camp, Sons of Veterans, was mustered in at Monticello a few days ago with twenty-five members.

Charles H. Newman, night switchman on the "Q" road at Abingdon, was killed the other night in jumping off from the fast mail.

Three Northern Illinois switches were opened at Syracuse a few days ago by some unknown person, and a freight train was wrecked.

George Steiner, of Decatur, aged fifty-five years, was found dead in an office a few days ago, the coroner's verdict being accidental death.

Recent reports regarding the imprisoned Chicago anarchists at Joliet were to the effect that they were hard-working, well-behaved and in good health.

IOWA.

The Bowman brewery at Marshalltown has been converted into a pickle factory, and the proprietors desire to contract with the neighboring farmers for five hundred acres of cucumbers.

John Maguire, a prosperous farmer living near Holy Cross, Dubuque County, committed suicide by poison recently.

Mrs. George Jones, wife of General Jones, of Dubuque, died suddenly the other evening, aged seventy-six years. Her husband, who survives her, was the first Senator from Iowa on his admission, serving from 1848 to 1856, when he was appointed Minister to Bogota. General and Mrs. Jones were married in January, 1829.

The Iowa sportsmen's annual tournament will be held at Des Moines June 5, 6 and 7.

A little four-year-old son of William Auk, of Union township, was played around a team of horses recently when, getting between the hind feet of one of them, the horses suddenly bucked, stamping the life out of the boy.

The remains of Mrs. Anna Kaebick, who suddenly disappeared from her home in Chicago some time ago, were found a few days since in the Cedar river, two miles north of there. She leaves two children, one a babe and a few weeks old. It was a case of suicide.

John Wilson and Julius Wyman were killed at Royalton a few days ago by being run over by an ox team.

MICHIGAN.

Michael Tobin and Charles Bestford were recently discharged from the custom service in Detroit for fighting each other.

An accidental fire at Horry early the other morning destroyed the residence owned by D. A. Blodgett and occupied by Frank Diggins. Loss, \$23,000; insurance, \$12,000.

John Nelson, of Montague, a somnambulist, walked into White Lake a few nights ago, and died from the effects of the shock.

Thomas Col, a river driver, employed by the Michigan River Lumber Company, was killed the other night near Baraga by a falling tree.

Martin Davis was scalded to death at Oscoda a few days ago by falling into a vat of boiling brine.

Sault Ste. Marie has let a \$35,000 contract for an electric street railway.

Two cases of scarlet fever were recently reported at the State Agricultural College, and the authorities decided to suspend the remainder of the term.

Warren Gilbert's dwelling at Manton was destroyed by fire the other morning, the family escaping in their night-clothes. Loss, \$8,500; insured for \$2,500.

Governor Luce has appointed Prof. M. E. Walworth, director of the Michigan Mining School at Houghton, State Geologist.

An April product of the Calumet and Hecla mine was 2,469 tons of copper; Atlantic, 2,145 tons; Osceola, 212; Tamarack, 610 tons.

Harry Waters, of Orangeville, ran a thorn in his eye the other day, and inflammation ensuing, had to have the eye removed.

Two speculators secured a track of land at St. Ignace recently on which they claim a solid vein of iron several feet in thickness. Operations would be begun at once to test the matter more fully.

Moses W. Field has resigned the chairmanship of the Greenback State Committee.

Jacob Smith, of Nelmar, stepped into a hardware store at Zeeland a few afternoons ago and wanted to purchase a revolver. There not being any in stock, Smith purchased a knife, and while the clerk was making change, Smith drew the knife across his throat from ear to ear, causing instant death.

Vermontville has sold and shipped more maple syrup and syrup this season than any other place in the State.

E. J. Kincaid's shingle mill at Newaygo burned Saturday. Loss, \$1,000; no insurance.

MINNESOTA.

The house in East Rochester, owned and occupied by Mrs. Wade and her four children, was totally destroyed by fire the other afternoon with all the contents, except a sewing machine. The loss is heavy to Mrs. Wade, it being her only insurance.

Ready's three-story brick building in Duluth collapsed the other morning. It was a total wreck, and caused a loss of \$12,000. No one was injured.

Andrew Roefer shot himself in the breast a few days ago at Tower, and died in a short time. He was a war veteran, a member of Fargo Post, G. A. R., and thirty-five years on Lake Superior.

Wegman Bros.' farm house, three miles northwest of St. Charles, was burned the other night. The house was early in flames, and the family barely escaping with their lives. Nothing was saved and but little insurance.

The offer which Fergus Falls made of a site and \$10,000 has been accepted by the committee appointed to locate a Methodist seminary.

It is said that an agent of Phil Armour, of Chicago, was in Crookston recently, and secured a site for the establishment of a packing house.

KILLED IN THEIR HOMES.

Cars Loaded with Giant Powder Collided—A Terrible Explosion Follows, Almost Completely Wrecking a Mining Station in Pennsylvania—Seven Persons Killed and Thirty Injured.

MONTICELLO, Pa., May 7.—Between 10 and 11 o'clock Saturday night a terrible accident occurred on the Philadelphia & Reading railroad between this place and Locust Gap. A freight train, consisting of seventy-five cars, bound for Williamsport, became disconnected by the breaking of a coupling, and the engine and three cars ran half a mile before the crew discovered that the train was divided. The first section awaited the arrival of the second at the foot of a heavy grade, and the two brakemen losing control of the latter it dashed into the first section, causing an explosion in the third car, which was loaded with Dupont powder.

At the scene of the accident the railroad runs along a steep hill, at the bottom of which stood two rows of houses occupied by the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company's employees. On the hillside stood a little cottage occupied by John Quinn and family of four children—two boys and two girls. The force of the explosion smashed the buildings, seventeen in all, and the stones set fire to the ruins. Quinn and his two little girls were burned to death. The two boys escaped with burns. Simon Kerwick's family consisted of Mary and Willie Cavanaugh, adopted children, aged respectively 8 and 14, Alice Kerwick, aged 5, and his wife and a new-born babe. Mr. Kerwick carried his wife from the burning building, but the children were burned to death. Thirty persons were injured. In all twelve cars were destroyed and seven houses with their furniture. All the windows in the Locust Gap churches and schools were broken and the doors blown off. In Mount Carmel large store windows were broken. The total loss is estimated at \$75,000. The injured were taken to the Miners' Hospital, where they were cared for. Many others were hurt more or less by missiles.

The killed are: John Quinn and his two little daughters; Mary Cavanaugh, aged 8; Willie Cavanaugh, aged 14; Alice Kerwick, aged 5; an infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Kerwick.

The injured: Mrs. Miles Dougherty, leg broken, bruised and cut; Mrs. Mather, cut, mother cut, bruised and internally injured; Mary Miles, bruised and bruised; Andrew McElwee, right eye destroyed and neck cut; John Dolan, left hand amputated and cut about the limbs; Mrs. Patrick McManus, injured about the chest; Byron Kerwick, suffering from shock; her condition serious.

A NEW ARCHBISHOP.

St. Paul, Minn., May 7.—Formal announcement is made of the elevation to the dignity of Archbishop of Bishop Ireland, of the great temperance movement.

His jurisdiction will include the three dioceses in which Minnesota is to be divided and the two to be created out of Dakota.

Archbishop Ireland is about 60 years of age, and was born in Kesh, Ireland, and when but a boy his parents emigrated to Chicago, where they resided until 1857. During that year his parents removed to St. Paul, where he has resided ever since. Archbishop Ireland was educated for the church in Louvain, Belgium.

The new weather indications office at St. Paul is pronounced a success.

John Gorris, a farmer of the town of Willow Lake, had a quarrel with his hired man the other day and struck him over the head with a fork handle, inflicting such injuries that he died shortly after.

The men who have returned to Duluth from the mines during the past few days received \$30,000 in hard cash from their employers.

Rev. Joseph Lanman has resigned the pastorate of Bethlehem Presbyterian Church of Minneapolis, after five years of successful labor. He will travel and study in the old world.

Albert DeKay, proprietor of the Morris and DeKay saloon, failed recently for \$30,000.

A syndicate at St. Paul, owning the Duluth gas and water works, have sold to N. W. Harris & Co., bankers of Chicago, the balance and large share of the first mortgage twenty years six per cent. bonds. Total issue, \$700,000.

Willard Ward, a lumberman, dropped dead in Duluth a few days ago. He had just come out of the woods. Whiskey was the cause.

Paul Berdle and Margaret Elizabeth Hopkins, a dwarf aged eighteen years, were arrested at Minneapolis recently. Berdle was charged with abducting the girl from her home in St. Paul, with the intention of exhibiting her as a freak.

DAKOTA.

During the blizzard of January 12 last a farmer in Miner County named Matthews lost a hog weighing a little over two hundred pounds. Nothing had been seen or heard of the brute until recently, when Mr. Matthews, who was on a hay-stack some distance from the house, uncovered the hog alive and with a litter of ten pigs, all alive and weighing about a pound apiece. The mother weighed about thirty pounds, a shrinkage of one hundred and thirty pounds, she having been confined in the stable about three months without food or water.

Frank E. Newton, an attorney at Henry, was arrested a few nights ago and lodged in jail on a charge of forgery. He was to have been married the same night.

Surveys have gone to the Devil's Lake Indian reservation to survey it into tracts for allotment to the Indians.

The temporary injunction in Burke township against a new survey of property lines on account of the obliteration of the marks of the Government survey has been dissolved.

John Stukeby, a butcher at Gettysburg, committed suicide, the other day. Whiskey was the cause.

FOR ALL AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Colic,	Scalds,	Contracted
burns,	Sprains,	Muscles,
thrombosis,	Strains,	Exhaustion,
burns,	Stitches,	Knots,
head,	Stiff joints,	Swelling,
stings,	Backache,	Worms,
bleeds,	Cuts,	Scalds,
bruises,	Sores,	Saddle sores,
burns,	Spavins,	Flies,
stings,	Cracks,	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY accomplishes for every body exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine. The Lumberman needs it in case of accident. The Housewife needs it for general family use. The Cattleman needs it for his teams and his stock. The Miner needs it in case of emergency. The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble. The Railroad man needs it and will use it as long as life is a round of accidents and dangers. The Housewife needs it for her family. The Cattleman needs it for his teams and his stock. The Miner needs it in case of emergency. The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy. Keep a Bottle in the Factory. It is immediate in case of accident and saves pain and loss of wages. The Mustang Liniment is in the Stable for use when wanted.

WHO IS UNacquainted WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THE COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILWAY

is the most important of the great trunk lines of the country. It connects the great cities of the West with the great cities of the East. It is the shortest and most direct route between the two.

The Great Rock Island Route. Guarantees Speed, Comfort and Safety to those who travel over it. It is the shortest and most direct route between the two.

The Famous Albert Lea Route. It is the shortest and most direct route between the two. It is the shortest and most direct route between the two.

Palace Dining Cars. Between Chicago and Kansas City. Meals equal to those of the best hotels. The service is of the highest quality.

Palace Re

GIVE THE BOYS ROOM.

Give the boys room to romp and riot, Give them a chance to grow sturdy and strong, No boys commands are "sit still" and "be quiet!"

Is training the younger entirely wrong? Over-restraint is a system pernicious; Over-indulgence much evil has done; But boys are less apt to be ugly and vicious If given a season for innocent fun.

Give the boys room to spend themselves over; Widen their horizon—broaden their scope; Tempt not the lad to become a wild rover By an endeavor to lighten the rope; A Measles will soon put an end to their folly, Sorrow and grief will smother their joy; Youth is the time to be careless and jolly; Give the boys room, and a chance to grow up.

Birds from their nests in the wildwood are flying Hither and thither—a rapacious throng; Eagerly, greedily their pinions trying, And eagerly extending their flight and their song.

Out in the fields—amid nature's dominions—Gaining an insight to wonderful things; Free as the birds on aerial pinions, Give the boys room to develop their wings.

Let them give vent to their joyous emotions, Always reminding that "boys will be boys." Give the boys room for their proper enjoyment; Give the boys room for expansion of the right; Give all their faculties fitting employment; Give the boys room to grow up as they ought.

—Joseph Pollock, in N. Y. Ledger.

MARTY.

Of No Particular Use and Yet How She Was Missed.

They said she was absurdly commonplace; that she was one of the homeliest women they ever saw, or that the Lord ever made; that she had so few ideas it was a mystery how she managed to get on in the world when she had to go out in the earth her lying, because the world is full of sharpers and she would trust any one; that, taken altogether, there was really no particular use for her in the world. It was amazing how they could not get on without her. Under the circumstances, knowing her uselessness, it was strange that they must have her to do all the little household things when she was at home, and the keeping of the books while she had the time in the evenings, after a hard day's work. And it was remarkable, too, how she kept her good nature through it all. But that was Marty's strong point—her unflinching good nature.

It was "Marty, come here," or "Marty, go there," or "Marty, I want you," from her mother and father and sisters. Nobody could spin a top like Marty; nobody could smooth out the many wrinkles in the home machinery as Marty could; nobody could read the evening papers to her father as she did; nobody could—nobody wanted to—do the mending and the marketing and the planning for the cheap and most appetizing table fare. That it took any brains to do these things did not seem to consider. That it might be a tiresome duty with her daily duties they took no thought. It was Marty; and Marty, somehow, was made for such things; she was good for nothing else.

They lived in the city, Marty's people did, and it is not the easiest thing in the world to live on a small salary in the city. They had a flat—one of the cheapest they could get to accommodate their rather large family, and they had to pay considerable, even for that. Then it was a matter of some moment to feed such a family of growing young people; they must have nourishing food, and wanted plenty of it, which wasn't always easy to accomplish. And they must also be clothed. This last was, perhaps the hardest of all, for they seemed to fairly grow out of their dresses and their pants; and it wasn't easy either to make the clothes of one child for the next in size, because each one wore his or her clothes until there was absolutely nothing left to wear. So she mended them and tried to keep things running so that the oldest girls and boys could have new things before the old were out, so that the old could go to the younger children. It took a good deal of her time, and she had little enough time, but she was glad enough to do it, in order to help her parents who had load enough on their shoulders without worrying about that.

In return for all this what did she get? Well, in return she expected and wished nothing. That she was doing any thing but her duty she did not think; and she would perhaps have been greatly surprised if she had been offered any thing for her loving work. To be sure she did get dreadfully tired of the whole thing sometimes, and wished she might throw it all aside and have the pleasant times some of the girls had; but this was only when a hard day. She wasn't at all perfect, and she never pretended to be; she went to church, and had a class in the Sunday school sometimes when the corps of teachers was low; but she had no thought of being other than a most unsatisfactory person in the busy world.

And so things went on as things always will go on till the end of time, and Marty was no nearer the wish of her heart than she was at the day of her birth. For Marty's great wish was to be loved and to know that she was loved, and it seemed that life was never to have this sweetness for her. Not that it made her unhappy at all, but it would have been such a comfort to have known some one cared for her and whether or not she came home or never should come home.

"It's a pretty tough thing—life," her father said, and Marty fully believed it. Still, like all young people, she wished to live; and therein lies the mystery that has puzzled many a wise head since the days of Solomon. And one day the mystery was solved for her.

She had had a particularly hard day and was going home pretty well tired out and rather cross. Every thing seemed to have gone wrong that day. She had made mistakes and been reprimanded by the head man and told that

if the same thing ever again happened she must be prepared to find another place. She was crying a trifle as she walked along; it sort of eased her mind and would help her to be at ease and herself at home. Marty was always thinking of what they would say at home and planning to have all things go smoothly there. She was feeling sick, somehow, and not like herself. Her head ached and so did her back. Once she came near falling from faintness, and a horror came over her. What was the matter? She was not in the habit of feeling sick. She had been blessed with almost perfect health since she could remember.

As the feeling did not abate, but grew more and more severe, she stopped at a drug store and got a half dozen quinine pills.

"I believe I am getting malaria," she said, laughing wearily to herself. "To think of my feeling sick."

But it wasn't malaria that had attacked Marty. She had never been even pretty, as the world judges beauty, and now the crowning stroke had fallen. Marty, the homeliest, most absurd of the large family, had the small-pox.

"As though she had not been a bother and worry to us all her life, but that this should fall upon us. It is really too much to be borne," said her mother.

"And I suppose all the others will catch it from her. As for her beauty, she never had any to mourn over, but her fortunes ought to have made them for their faces, and now all will be ruined by this ridiculous girl."

That she could not help having taken the disease did not seem to occur to them. She had always been a bother, and the crowning wrong was done when she caught the disease. She was taken to the hospital at once, and the children thoroughly disinfecting, but the anxious mother could not be satisfied that the darlings of her heart and life had not been grievously wronged by their eldest sister, who should have thought enough of their welfare not to have taken the disease.

"But some people are always selfish," she added, and no one contradicted her.

And Marty? The physician said she had been overworked and had not enough strength to rally from the shock to her system. Had she even ordinary strength she would have recovered, for she had the illness comparatively light; but she had no strength and she died.

She died as she had lived alone from all love or care save such as was given by the nurses; and they, busy as they were, found time often to sit with her and bring her some little delicacy as she could eat, for they said, she was one of the most uncomplaining little bodies they had ever had, and had such a way of thanking you with her wide dark eyes that it was a pleasure to do any thing for her.

When they at home heard of her death they cried a little and said if it had only been any thing but the disease it was they would have gone to her burial, but they must not expose the others; and time went on and none of the others caught it, and all went on well.

But, some way, in spite of all this, there was a vacancy never filled, and a want so long felt that life grew harder than usual, and household matters did not glide so smoothly, and Marty was missed.

"I wouldn't have believed it," her mother said, one day. "She was such a homely, untalented child. She did have a way of helping you along with whatever you were doing, and taking up little things that no one else would be likely to think of because they were so trivial; but I never dreamed that I would miss her so."

"Yes," her father said, "I always had a tender spot for Marty. She didn't seem to be of any particular service, and they thought that all girls should be of some special use; but I begin to think it well for some women of the household to have no particular talent. Somebody has got to look after the homely things as well as the beautiful things of home, and Marty was the one who did this in our home. It don't seem like home without her. I always did think a good deal of her."

What a mockery it was! They cared for her when she was beyond all care for earthly things and let her starve when a few words would have sent her out to her work with such a light heart.

But so the world goes on and will go on doubtless to the end of time; and hearts starve for the words they never hear, and the love is given after the fact. It is the mystery of life. It can never be solved while life shall last.—J. K. Laddum, in Ladies Home Journal.

Snake-eating Snakes.
A letter just received from Mr. Pringle, of Louisiana, the well-known American snipe shot, whose wonderful bags were reported some time since in your paper, contains the following extract, which may prove interesting to some of your readers: "I was walking across a very boggy marsh where there was a good deal of water, and was stumbling along, not with my former agility, when I came near stepping on a snake in coil, what is called a cotton mouth moccasin, whose bite is not fatal, but somewhat poisonous. There being no stick at hand to kill him, I stepped back and shot him, cutting him not quite, but nearly, in two, and exposing his 'innards,' as the negroes say. My man Caesar exclaimed, 'Massa, he got another snake in him!' and so he had—another nearly as long as himself. I pulled the swallowed snake out, and held him by the tail alongside the other. The swallower was about thirty inches long and very thick, and the swallowed one and one-half inches shorter, only that the latter's head and neck were doubled, so as to be forced into the other. Did you ever know of one snake eating another? They say that dog will not eat dog, but it seems that a snake will perform that operation on another snake."—London Field.

—Paracelsus located the soul at the pit of the stomach. A blow in the stomach is likely to double one up, which accounts for "two souls with but a single thought."—Texas Siftings.

FAILURE IN 'FRISCO.

The Great Commission House of William T. Coleman & Co., Assigns, with Liabilities of \$3,000,000—Cause of the Collapse.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 8.—The assignment of the old established commission house of William T. Coleman & Co. yesterday caused a big sensation among merchants. A circular issued by the firm declares that pressing demands for money forced them to suspend in order to save the creditors. The liabilities of \$3,000,000 are covered by assets of \$4,000,000. One of the causes of the failure is given as an investment of \$2,000,000 in borax works which they had negotiated to sell, but the sale of which was spoiled by the proposal to put borax on the free list. The assignment was made to L. L. Baker, of Baker & Hamilton, agricultural implement makers, and Louis Sloan, president of the Alaska Commercial Company. The firm declares they can pay 100 cents on the dollar if they are given a little time. The causes of the failure will be deeper than given in this circular. During the last five years the firm has branched out and tried to control the trade in dried fruits, nuts, salmon and borax. Coleman retired from active management several years ago and Frank Johnson, a young man of Ferdinand Ward's stripe, was made president and manager. He had so much success that he believed his luck could not turn, but last year he lost heavily in fruit and salmon. Experts place his losses in the big salmon corner that he engineered at \$300,000. The borax speculation would have been a good one if the firm had larger capital, but everything put in was lost, and when they tried to realize they failed. The finishing blow was given to the firm by the Nevada Bank, which held a call loan for a large amount, and in pursuance of the recent policy, demanded immediate settlement. The demand was met, and the assignment took place. Coleman's personal integrity no one has any doubt, but his friends say he has been to blame in allowing others to manage the speculative business under credit given by his name. Coleman never accepted a public office from the Democratic party, to which he belonged, and his only position he ever held was leader of the vigilantes who hanged the murderer of Editor King and cleared this city of ruffians and bad-governed stuffers in the early days. Last year Dana, of the New York Sun, proposed Coleman as a candidate for the Presidency, and devoted many articles to the subject. Coleman is in the prime of life and is a large man of fine presence, and even up to his costly residence, but his wife has a large fortune in her own right.

The banks mentioned as creditors are the Bank of California, the Bank of British Columbia, the Nevada Bank and the Bank of British Columbia. The firm is indebted to the Bank of British Columbia for \$1,000,000, of which \$100,000 is secured. It is estimated that the firm owes the Bank of British Columbia \$1,000,000, the Nevada Bank \$200,000 and the Bank of British Columbia \$100,000. It is said that of the whole amount of Coleman & Co.'s indebtedness one-half is in this State and the other half in the East. The greater part of the latter being held by New England banks.

The founding of the firm of William T. Coleman dates back to 1849. Since that time the house has taken the foremost place in the business interests of the coast. It has branches in Astoria, Oregon; New York; Chicago; and London. It also acts as the agent for a large number of manufacturing and producing establishments, and for the principal sales of the Pacific coast. The shipping department is the agent for several lines of clipper ships to and from Australia, China and the other far-off ports. The business of the firm is said to amount to \$14,000,000.

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DROWNED BY A CLOUD-BURST.

A Kansas Family Carried Into the Arkansas River by a Fearful Flood.

WICHITA, Kan., May 8.—A fearful cloud-burst is reported to have taken place near Maine, about fifteen miles west of Lawrence, at 6 o'clock Sunday morning. An eye witness describes the rain as coming down in torrents, washing away a number of houses and moving others from foundations. A house in which a family named Rocky lived was picked up by the floods and carried into the Arkansas river, where it sank, drowning Rocky, his wife and two children. A number of narrow escapes are reported. The water from the cloud seemed to come straight down, and could not have been thicker had it found its source from a lake in the air. The bodies of the Rocky family have not been recovered, but probably will never be, as a body once in the Arkansas is seldom recovered, as the clothing is soon filled with the constantly drifting sand. The scenes at the time of the catastrophe were awful, and the amount of damage will be very large. A great many heads of horses and cattle were also drowned.

Gigantic Scheme to Run Prices of Oil Up and Choke Off All Competition.

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Carnegie's Proposition to His Workmen.

BRADDOCK, Pa., May 8.—All departments of the Edgar Thomson steel works started yesterday morning double turn. A large number of men were made to see for work, but the firm will, it is thought, find places for the majority of them within a few days. Only forty of the Pinkerton detectives remain, and they will be removed this week. The proposition of Messrs. Carnegie, Phillips & Co. and Carnegie Bros. to establish a savings bank for the exclusive use of their workmen, 10,000 in number, meeting with general favor. Six per cent. interest will be allowed on all deposits. The firm will also assist any of their workmen who desire to build homes.

Shot Her Husband Dead.

LENNES, Mo., May 8.—Thursday evening Amos Clark was shot and killed by his wife at the residence of Obadiah Broyles, three miles west of Brownsville. Clark and his wife, who have been separated, have one small child who is living with the mother. Clark undertook to secure the child, and his wife barred the doors against him. He proceeded, with an open knife in his hand, to burst open the door, threatening at the same time to kill his wife. Just as he got the door open Mrs. Clark shot him in the forehead, blowing the top of his head and killing him instantly.

Senator Ingalls was burned in effigy at Lebanon, Tenn., Thursday night.

LEBANON, Tenn., Thursday night.

SEVEN PEOPLE BURNED UP.

A Whole Family Found Dead in the Ruins of a Barn—Foul Play Feared.

OMAHA, Neb., May 8.—Seven persons were burned to death early this morning in a barn on a farm near Arlington. They are:

Mrs. Frances, who was a widow; Fred Groteschen, her son-in-law; Mrs. Groteschen; three children of Mr. and Mrs. Groteschen; Louis Groteschen. They all lived on the farm, and had no neighbors nearer than half a mile. Smoke was the cause of the disaster, and a party of citizens went out to investigate. Arriving at the farm they found the barn destroyed, together with twenty-five head of stock. In the ruins, scattered among the dead horses and cattle, were the remains of the entire family.

No one knows how it happened. Some entertain suspicion of foul play, but a majority incline to the belief that the barn took fire, perhaps through the act of an incendiary, and that the family rushed to rescue the live stock, and while attempting to loosen them were suffocated. The only survivor of the family is a daughter, who is now recovering from the body of Mrs. Groteschen was crushed under the body of a horse, and was the only one which could be recognized, the others being terribly burned.

The dwelling was found to be in excellent order and the morning's work was well under way. Every thing goes to show that upon discovery of the fire in the barn a rush was made to save the lives of the animals and all were caught and smothered. The three children ranged in age from 1 to 6 years. It is singular that these young children should also have been caught in the barn. The youngest one must have been carried there by the mother in her excitement.

At the coroner's inquest no evidence was produced to show foul play.

The verdict was that the fire was accidental. Louis Groteschen, the farm and who also perished, was a great smoker, and the fire may have caught from sparks from his pipe. The family is not known to have had an enemy. The funeral is set for May 7.

HEAVY IMMIGRANT ARRIVALS.

Seven thousand foreigners brought to New York Friday—Railroads Swamped.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Yesterday was a great day at Castle Garden. Immigrants poured in by the thousands, and so great was the crush that the railroads decided to send out only immigrant trains last night. They were compelled to do this because the immigrant once in the city, could not be got back after registering to the floats which take them to the railroad depots. The jam was so great that the registered ones had to stay where they were, packed in the garden. The following immigrants landed yesterday: Poles, 1,235; Lithuanians, 1,235; Germans, 1,235; Danes, 1,235; Russians, 1,235; and others, 1,235.

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CONVINCING GUARANTEES.

Which are Justified by a World-Wide Experience.

To the Public:—Having branch houses and laboratories in seven different quarters, and therefore having a world-wide experience, we, H. H. Warner & Co., justify ourselves in making the following statement:

First.—For the past decade we have held that 90 per cent. of diseases originate in the kidneys, which introduce uric acid into the system, a poison that is injurious to every organ, attacking and destroying first the organs which are the weakest. We have also held that if the kidneys are kept in perfect health most of the ordinary ailments will be prevented, or, if contracted, cured. Other practitioners have held that extreme kidney disease is incurable. We have proof to the contrary, however, in hundreds of thousands of cases in every section of the globe.

Second.—The kidneys being the sewers of the human system, it is impossible to keep the entire system in good working order unless these organs are doing their full duty. Most people do not believe their kidneys are out of order because they never give them any pain. It is a peculiarity of kidney disease that it may long exist without the knowledge of the patient or of the practitioner. It may be suspected if there is any gradual departure from ordinary health, which departs from one bottle. This is an impossibility.

Fourth.—Warner's Safe Remedies have been recognized by the doctors and the people all over the globe as standards of the highest excellence.

GUARANTEE 1.—That Warner's Safe Remedies are pure and harmless.

GUARANTEE 2.—That the testimonials used by us are genuine, and so far as we know, absolutely true. We will forfeit \$5,000 for proof to the contrary.

GUARANTEE 3.—That Warner's Safe Remedies have permanently cured many millions of people whom the doctors have pronounced incurable. Permanent cures are always accompanied by proofs of merit.

Sole—Ask your friends and neighbors what they think of Warner's Safe Cure.

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They carry at all times the Largest Stock in the City, and the Citizens of Chelsea and surrounding country, can feel assured that the prices quoted by them will always be found the cheapest in the City. If you are in want of Furniture call on them.

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Can always be obtained there, and the readers of the HERALD are invited to call and examine the stock in their Mammoth Warehouses, whether wishing to buy Furniture or not. When you go to the City be sure and visit.

DUDLEY & FOWLE.

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The Oldest and Most Reliable Paint Manufacturers in Michigan.



Every package bears our Name and this Seal. None genuine without it. We warrant our PREPARED HOUSE PAINTS to be perfectly pure and give satisfaction in every case, and better goods cannot be made.

We also manufacture the Celebrated Shellac Floor Paints, mixed ready for use, and Barn, Roof and Fence Paints, and General Painters' Supplies. Strictly Pure and Crown Jewel White Leads, Colored Leads, &c. Purchasers should see that our Seal is on each package. Take no others.

For sale by W. J. Knapp, Chelsea, Mich., dealer in General Hardware, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Paints, Oils and Farming Implements.

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NEW SPRING GOODS.

Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Etc.

I will guarantee to give you better goods for the money than the Concern who Advertises.

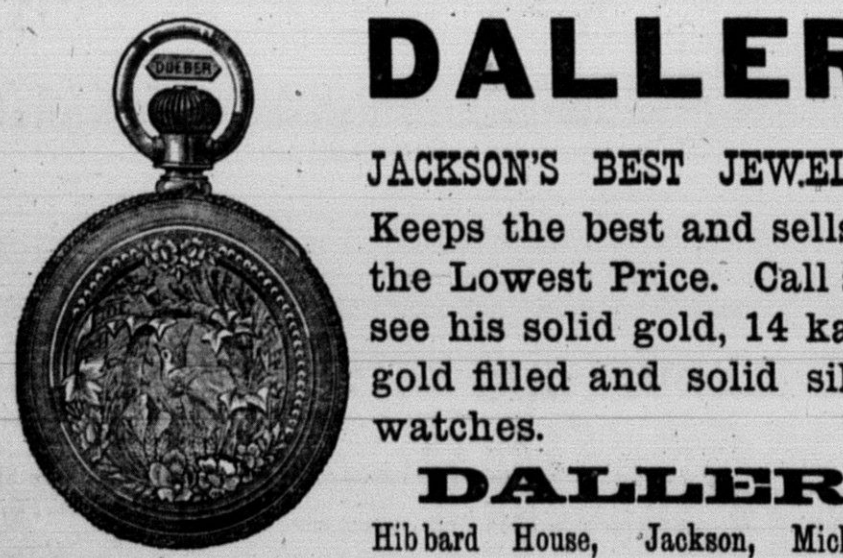
\$6.00 Shoes for	-	\$4.00
4.00 "	-	2.50
2.50 "	-	1.50

I buy for cash from the manufacturers direct, and can give you low prices. Give me a trial and I will give you a true fit, and good goods. Do not buy

CARPETS, RUGS, MATTING, ETC.

Before looking at my stock, as I have many designs which you can not find elsewhere, and prices as low as the lowest.

JOHN BURG, Ann Arbor, Mich.



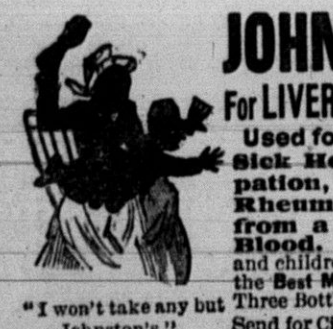
DALLER,

JACKSON'S BEST JEWELER,

Keeps the best and sells at the Lowest Price. Call and see his solid gold, 14 karat gold filled and solid silver watches.

DALLER,

Hibbard House, Jackson, Michigan.



JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA

For LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, PURIFYING THE BLOOD

Used for 30 Years. Best Preparation in the World for Sick Headache, Pains in the Side or Back, Constipation, Pimples on the Face, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Boils, and all Diseases that arise from a Disordered Liver, Stomach or an Impure Blood. It is a powerful tonic for the weak and feeble, especially females and children. It can not hurt the most delicate constitution, and is one of the Best Medicines in use for Regulating the Bowels. Price \$1.00. Three Bottles for \$2.50. Delivered free of charge. Sold by all Druggists. Send for Circular. W. JOHNSTON & CO., DETROIT, MICH.

THE HERALD OFFICE
Executes all kinds of
JOB WORK
—AT—
REDUCED RATES.

Parker's SPAVIN CURE
IS UNEQUALLED
as an application to horses for the cure of Spavin, Rheumatism, Splint, Navicular Disease, and all severe Lameness, also for truck use when reduced.
Price \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Druggists, Strong testimonials on application.
E. W. BAKER,
Sole Proprietor, ASTORIA, N. H.
Trade supplied by J. E. Davis & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Peter Van Schick & Sons, Chicago, Ill.; Meyer Bros & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

The Fair Chelsea Belles.

The sunny springtime has come, And fashions lovely and sweet, Have drawn from their dells, The fair Chelsea belles, Who promenade on Main street.

A clatter of high-heeled shoes, Fresh laughter, merry and sweet, A gush and a gabble, A mystical babble, Accompany them down Main street.

With dancing, glistening eyes, Of hazel, brown and blue,—so sweet— They view the creations, And rare combinations, Of the milliners on Main street.

You may travel to east and west, And many people you'll meet, But you'll never find a sight, Half as pleasing and bright, As the pretty girls on Main street.

O. L. H.

Additional Local.

The wheat looks better since the rain.

A full line of Stamping Patterns at Miss Foster's.

Decoration Day occurs on Wednesday May 30th.

Read H. S. Holmes & Co.'s new "ad." on first page.

Will Dance and wife, of Stockbridge, spent Sunday here.

Chas. Dixon commenced sprinkling our streets last Thursday.

Elmer Kirkby, of Ann Arbor, was here on business last Monday.

J. M. Congdon is now feeling somewhat better. He was riding around town yesterday.

Miss Slaght and Miss Sadie VanTyne attended the School-masters' Club at Ann Arbor last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Cummings spent a few days with their daughter, Mrs. M. Curtis, of Kalamazoo, last week.

Ernest Shaver showed us a couple of rare old books last week, one of which was 271 and the other 132 years old.

Sells Bros. circus men are painting Michigan all sorts of colors, and have already frescoed over 2,000 roadside barns and horse sheds.

The Eastern Michigan asylum for the insane at Pontiac, has sent in a bill against Washtenaw county for \$803.53 for the quarter ending March 31st.

Try a bushel of those choice Rose potatoes guaranteed to cook dry and mealy or money refunded. For sale by R. A. Snyder.

Hurrah for the whitewash brush, hammer and tacks. Now is the time of year that everything is turned upside down when the women are cleaning house.

The Village has commenced to erect a building in rear of the town hall to be used as an engine house. It will be 30x40 and 10 feet high. J. P. Foster is the builder.

Died, at Williamson, Mich., May 8th 1888, Mrs. Jas. Durfee, aged 46 years. The funeral was held last Wednesday. Mrs. Durfee was a sister of G. J. Crowell of this village.

The annual sale of flowers for the benefit of the M. E. Church will take place to-day and to-morrow in the Wilkinson block. Ice cream and cake will be served afternoons and evenings.

The May crop report of the Secretary of State on the condition of wheat indicates that the present condition is 68 per cent. of the average crop of winter wheat, or 21 per cent. lower than a year ago.

Itch, mange and scratches of every kind on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, druggist, Chelsea, Mich. n88

Will sell or exchange for city or farm property, 160 acres of land in central Dakota. Two miles from town, two R.R. within half mile. 15 acres under cultivation, 5 acres of trees. Enquire at this office. n89

The growing wheat, since the recent rains, has taken a new lease of life, and the prospect for a fair crop is most encouraging. However, there is now and then a field too far gone for resuscitation. On some farms the plant shows a stout and vigorous growth.

Especially to mothers, Kellogg's Columbian Oil has proved that it is a safe and reliable remedy, and will relieve all aches and pains and symptoms, incident to those distressing diseases of children, and will cure without the use of opiates or narcotics, which only tend to make a child dull and stupid.

The Michigan Central, the only real Niagara Falls route in the country. It is the only railroad that gives a satisfactory view of the Falls. Every day trains stop from 5 to 10 minutes at Falls View, which is what the name indicates—a splendid point from which to view the cataract. It is right on the brink of the great canyon at the Canadian end of the horse shoe, and every part of the falls is in plain sight.

Eli Ward, through his attorneys, Lehman & Cavanaugh, has compromised his suit against the M. C. R. R. Co., and has received in settlement for his injuries \$1,000 damages. The history of the case is as follows: In the spring of 1886 Eli was in the employ of his brother, through whose farm the Michigan Central runs, his house and barn being on one side of the track, and the greater portion of his land on the other. The crossing which is the only means of transit from one part to the other, was in bad repair, and unfit for passage, notwithstanding it was the Company's duty to keep the same in a passable condition. Through some unfortunate circumstance, though some plaintiff was driving across with a part of a load, the embankment on either side gave way, and he was thrown violently to the ground, and received permanent injuries for which he sued the Company.

L. Wood spent Sunday with his family.

There are 27 grocery stores in Ann Arbor.

The bare-footed boy has put in an appearance.

Eighth Michigan Infantry reunion at Flint June 13th.

The Village Board will spend \$600 for fire protection this year.

Jabez Bacon is getting better, so as to be able to call at his store.

Miss Nina Wright spent "Saturday and Sunday with Miss Ora Perry, of Lima."

The gypsies have thawed out and are reported in several localities already this spring.

Geo. J. Crowell left yesterday for Williamson to attend the funeral of his sister.

Don't fail to see the first game of ball between the Twilights and Arctics next Tuesday.

Miss B. Greening went to Ann Arbor last Monday. Booth and Barrett was the attraction.

Rev. John Patchin, of Manchester, filled the pulpit of the Congregational church last Sunday.

General association of Congregational churches of Michigan will be held at St. Joseph, May 15-18.

The republican club of this country have under consideration the holding of a fourth of July celebration at Ann Arbor this year.

Now that Governor Swinford is away from Alaska, the women up there are putting on airs. One has just written to a Jackson firm for a pair of corsets.

The Marshal says he will not allow any horses or cattle to run at large in the village. Hereafter all he find at large will be taken care of according to law.

Another Pioneer Gone.

On the 17th day of April, 1888, while Charles Young, residing four miles west of town, was taking pickets from a buzz saw, his left hand came in contact with the saw, and was literally split through from the wrist to the finger ends. He was brought to town immediately, and taken to the home of his daughter, Mrs. Frank Brooks, where every thing was done for his recovery, both in the way of medical attendance and faithful nursing, until May 5th, just fifteen days, when, gangrene having taken place, he died.

Mr. Young was born in England on the 23rd day of December, 1822, and was 65 years, 4 months and 9 days of age. His father, John Young, came to this country, bringing his family with him, in 1833, and settled in the township of Sylvan, and Charles, when he became of age, purchased of the government the 80 acres on which he built his home and spent the remainder of his life. The date of his first marriage, to Betsey Loomis, we are not able to ascertain. The fruit of this marriage was eight children—four sons and four daughters. Five of these children—three sons and two daughters—are living, and with their families all reside in this vicinity. In October, 1867, the mother of these children died, and ten years later, November 1877, Mr. Young married Mrs. Harriet Gorton, who survives him. Besides the above mentioned, five sisters of the deceased and his mother, Mrs. Ruth Young, now in her 91st year, are still living.

Deceased was a temperate, industrious, frugal man, an affectionate husband and father, and a kind neighbor. His loss will be felt in the neighborhood where he lived, and he will be long and gratefully remembered.

T. H.

Notice.

R. Maguire, has rented a building here and will continue to sell John Deere Cultivators, Plows and Horse Corn Planters. Mr. Maguire wishes to thank his friends for their past patronage and hopes for a continuation of the same. n41

The Greatest Medicine of the Age.

Kellogg's Columbian Oil is a powerful remedy, which can be taken internally as well as externally by the tenderest infant. It cures almost instantly, is pleasant, acting directly upon the nervous system, causing a sudden buoyancy of the mind. In short, the wonderful effects of this wonderful remedy cannot be explained in written language. A single dose inhaled and taken according to directions will convince any one that it is all that is claimed for it. Warranted to cure the following diseases: Rheumatism or Kidney Disease in any form, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Splint Wounds, Bunions, Burns, Corns, Spinal Affection, Colic, Cramping Pains, Cholera Morbus, Flux, Diarrhoea, Coughs, Colds, Bronchial Affection, Catarrh, and all aches and pains, external or internal. Full directions with each bottle. For sale by F. P. Glazier. v17n87

Notice to Butter Makers and Consumers.

I will be constantly on hand at my new stand under the postoffice to pay the highest market price, in cash, for all the first class butter I can get, and will also retail first class butter to any who may want, at all times, and at as reasonable figures as any one can sell a good article for. And guarantee satisfaction. Cash paid for eggs. A. DURAND.

LADIES FINE SHOES

I have been receiving within the last week the balance of my stock in Ladies and Misses Fine Shoes, in Spanish Opera, Waukenphast and Common Sense lasts, B. to F., Flexible Soles, Hand Welt and Hand Turned. Ladies who are troubled to get a shoe that is easy to wear, will find it in my store. My assortment of Slippers is large, in Opera Toe and Bow, fine Sandles, Lace and Button Walking Shoes, Flexible Soles and turned goods.

\$1.65 buys in my store a Ladies Genuine Glove Topped, Kid Foxed, Button Shoe, that you will say when you see it is well worth \$2.00. My line of \$2.00 shoe for style and durability can not be equaled in this market. The question may arise with some, "How can he sell less than the others." The answer is that I sell my own goods. My expenses for the amount of goods sold is much less than any competitors. My goods are bought close and sold close. I only ask of those who want anything in my line of goods, to look at my prices. The quality for the price will speak stronger and clearer tones of satisfaction than any foot wear you have seen this season.

Respectfully,

B. PARKER,

Council Proceedings.

CHELSEA, April 27, 1888.

Board met in council room April 27th, 1888.

Meeting called to order by Pres.

Roll call by clerk.

Present, W. J. Knapp, President; Trustees, Schumacher, Kærber, Holmes, Lighthall, Guerin, Bacon.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Moved and carried that the report of the Street Committee be taken from the table and accepted and adopted, and that the expense of the grading recommended by them shall not exceed their estimates.

Committee on Streets would respectfully submit the following report, and recommend the grading of Summit street from Jay Everett's west line east to East street. Also East street from Milo Baldwin's house south to south side of street running from R. B. Gates west to John K. Yocum's, and would also estimate the cost of same at \$100, without gravel. We also would further recommend the grading of Congdon street from L. Tichenor's north line, south to about center of next block, and so much of Summit street at crossing of Congdon street, as is necessary to form perfect grade.

We estimate the cost of same, including gravel, at \$100. We further estimate cost of gravel for the several streets and necessary repairs on the same for the year at \$300, making a total of \$500. These estimates not including sluices, which will be very little needed as it would now seem.

J. SCHUMACHER, H. LIGHTHALL, CHAS. KÆRBER, Com.

W. F. Hatch appears and asks the Board's attention to the alley running from East street east, in the rear of his property. Referred to Street Committee.

The following bonds of the druggists and saloonists of the village were read and approved.

The bond of Frank P. Glazier with Samuel G. Ives and George P. Glazier as sureties.

The bond of Armstrong & Reimenschneider with H. M. Woods and M. J. Noyes as sureties.

The bond of L. & A. E. Winans with M. J. Noyes and Jas. Taylor as sureties.

The bond of Fred Frey with John Bagge and Lewis Detting as sureties.

The bond of Christopher Klein with Martin Manc and Jas. Taylor as sureties.

The bond of Stephen Clark with James Hudler and J. Bartholemew Beissel as sureties.

The bond of Frank & Thos. McNamara with Martin McKune and James McLaren as sureties.

The bond of Catharine Girbach with Godfrey Grau and John Bagge as sureties.

The village Marshal reports monies collected and deposited with the Treasurer for the month ending April 27, 1888.

Moved and carried that the report of the Marshal be accepted and adopted.

Moved and carried that we expend \$600 for fire protection for the village.

Moved and carried that a tax of \$800 be assessed on the village for the ensuing year.

Moved and carried that the following bills be allowed and orders drawn for the amounts.

Jay Woods, salary for month of April.....\$35.00

Silving Bros. & Everard for assess mentroll.....7.00

Moved and carried that we adjourn.

A. R. CONGDON, Clerk.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 27th day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Jacob Bollinger, deceased.

John G. Feldkamp the administrator with the will annexed of said estate, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such Administrator.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the 30th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, to show cause if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed; and it is further ordered, that said Administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate. [A true copy.] WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register. n88

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the 28th day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Patrick Maloney, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Timothy Maloney praying that administration of said estate may be granted to himself or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 14th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; and it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

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Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Hugh Duffy, deceased.

John McLoughlin and Daniel McLoughlin executors of the last will and testament of said deceased, come into court and represent that they are now prepared to render their final account as such executors.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the 29th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such accounts, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered, that said executors give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate. [A true copy.] WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register. n88

One of Many.

Mr. O. F. Woodward, Dear Sir: Send me 1/2 gross Kemp's Balsam, 50c size, and a few samples. I certainly know that Kemp's Balsam is the best selling cough cure. I have fifteen other cough and lung remedies on my shelves, and Kemp's Balsam sells 10 to 1 best of all. Respectfully yours, F. E. CONN. Sold by F. P. GLAZIER, at 50c and 1.00. Sample bottle free.

There are three suits pending which seek to invalidate the will of the late Mrs. A. T. Stewart.

Many Of the good things of this life are sorrowfully left alone on account of Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure Dyspepsia. Indigestion and Constipation; sold on a positive guarantee at 25 and 50 cents, by v17n36 R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

Joe Jefferson has bought a trout brook farm at Bourne, Mass.

Acker's Blood Elixir is the only Blood Remedy guaranteed. It is a positive cure for Ulcers, Eruptions or Syphilitic Poisoning. It purifies the whole system, and banishes all Rheumatic and Neuralgic pains. We guarantee it. R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

Italy will spend 28,000,000 francs in fitting up her navy this year.

A Few Pointers.

The recent statistics of the number of deaths show that the large majority die with Consumption. This disease may commence with an apparently harmless cough which can be cured instantly by Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, which is guaranteed to cure and relieve all cases. Price 50c and 1.00. Trial size free. For sale by F. P. GLAZIER.

During the past winter no less than one hundred children have burned to death.

Babies that are fretful, peevish, cross, or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains, or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine, hence is safe. Price 25 cents. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

Sarah Bernhardt presented her daughter-in-law with a diamond necklace valued at 60,000 francs.

Save the Children. They are especially liable to sudden Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. We guarantee Acker's English Remedy a positive cure. It saves hours of anxious watching. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

The sale of Zola's "La Terre" has been forbidden in Berlin, Munich and Dresden.

Subscribe for the HERALD. \$1.00.

Probate Order.

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